Two thousand citizens of Galion, O., spent Sunday afternoon in lynching Frank Fisher, a negro ravisher.

The Kentucky Central road paid the Louisville and Nashville \$500,000 for its Richmond branch of thirty-four miles.

The Ohio prohibition state executive committee has called a state convention for Columbus, Aug. 3.

The mayor of Ruffalo is raiding the

The mayor of Buffalo is raiding the gambling places of that city, and proposes to close the saloons on Sunday.

Saturday night the Milwaukee houses of ill-repute were raided, and over one hundred men and women arrested.

In the first prosecution under the Smith liquor law in Cinninnati, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. John C. F. Zoellner, the German as-commer and natural philosopher, is

The bible stolen from the senate chamber at Washington was mysteriously returned on Sunday evening.

A large body of Apaches are raiding along the Gila river, and threaten an attack on Guthrie's ranch near Clinton.

At San Jose, Cal., John Brett and wife were burned to death by their residence taking fire in the night.

One hundred sacks of new wheat

One hundred sacks of new wheat from Arkansas, the first received this year, sold on the call board at St. Louis at \$4 50 per bushel.

Denver took a holiday and laid the corner-stone of the national exposition hulding in which correspond savaral.

building, in which ceremony several thousand persons participated.

It is announced that the English cabinet has decided to take steps to re-

ease all suspects except those personally concerned in outrages.

A street-car driver in Toledo was tried for an infraction of the Sunday law. It took the jury four minutes to

reach a verdict of acquittal. Fifty nail-feeders at the South Tred-egar iron-works in Chattanooga struck work because of a change to monthly payments.

General Sheridan has instructed General Cook to keep the 3d cavalry and the 4th infantry ready to proceed to Arizona at a minute's notice

The New Jersey Mechanics' bank will pay all creditors for and under \$200 in full. All others will be paid 75 per The trustees of Columbia college are

almost unanimously against the admission of women, while President Bernard, is in favor of it. Albert Young, a railway employe at Doncaster, England, has been arrested for threatening the life of Queen Victoria, and will be taken to London.

The annual round-up of cattle is in progress in Indian Territory, and grassfed stock will be placed in market a month earlier than usual.

Dr. E. N. Woodard, a San Francisco dentist, shot his mistress fatally for refusing to become his wife, and then killed himself.

The secretary of the Ohio board of agriculture reports a damage of 10 per cent. to the wheat of southern Ohio by

Colonel J. N. Smithee, chairman of the democratic state central committee of Arkansas, has purchased *The Gazette*, of Little Rock, for \$35,000.

Howard, the king of the Colorado cattle thieves, was killed in the recent fight near Ouray, but Sheriff Bowman escaped with a wound in the arm.

The independent republican leaders of Pennsylvania have issued a call for a state convention on May 24, to name a complete ticket.

A ten-story building, to cost \$750,000, is being erected on the site of the old World building in New York, where the recent calamity occurred. The Utah constitutional convention

has prepared a document for submission to the people May 22, justices of the peace to conduct the election. A Syndicate of Indianapolis millers has purchased a controlling interest in

thirty elevators scattered along the line of the Northern Pacific road.

Oscar Wilde received \$30,000 for his lectures in the United States, and is considering an offer from Australia for the summer. The Garfield monument committee

The Garleid monument committee propose to open subscription lists on Decoration day in every city and town throughout the country.

Burglars blew the safe in the postoffice at Oberlin, O., without awaking anybody, and obtained \$350 in cash and \$2,-000 worth of postage stamps.

000 worth of postage stamps.

A poor woman in Boston, claiming to be the granddaughter of a man who paid £1 per acre for a tract of land in New York now valued at \$6,000,000, has brought suit to recover the estate.

General Palmer, the Mexican rail-way-builder, reports that his road will reach Telueo, the second largest city, this week, and is graded two hundred relies about

Steward Crump, of the white house, who broke down in attending President Garfield, has resigned. He was presented with a gold-headed cane, and will soon visit friends in Liverpool.

At Frankfort, Ireland, several persons were fearfully beaten on suspicion that they had paid rents. The police made thirty arrests and cleared the streets at the point of the bayonet. As the result of a vote taken by sixty-

one presbyteries, instrumental music will be introduced into the United Presbyterian church of North America. The ballot stood 616 to 606.

Charles Ford, one of the brothers who slew Jesse James, passed through Chicago on Tuesday, in company with a detective, to look up some old members of the gang in the east.

General N. P. Banks has been elected president of the Atlantic and Pacific Inter-Ocean Railroad company, which has thirty-eight miles of track westward from the Bay of Honduras.

The steamer Glamorgan which are

The steamer Glamorgan, which arrived at Boston from Liverpool, re-ports having passed for 160 miles on the southern edge of an ice-field, seeing polar bears and seals on many floes.

polar bears and seals on many floes.

The white outlaws of Arizona are about to be commanded by presidential proclamation to disperse, after which regular troops will be used to restore quiet to the land of the tarantula and the cowboy.

William G. Kruger, who recently obtained a patent for a flying-machine, and had become penniless in making further experiments, put a bullet through his brain in New York, after breaking up his models.

Major Evans telegraphs to General

Major Evans telegraphs to General Crook a rumor that the Bannocks and Snakes had broken out at Fort Washakle, and that arms had been issued to settlers by the military. These bands number over two thousand, and are

urave and cumming The new jail at Winchester, Ind., which cost \$35,000, was put into use, Tuesday, and within a few hours a garroter and a car-thief pried off the grates in the floor of the corridor and escaped

It is alleged that the late managers of the Pacific mills at Lawrence, Mass., have been secretly throwing into the river large amounts of fabrics ruined through the incompetency of heads of departments.

A plan for the illumination of the Kremlin, at Moscow, by electricity was recently submitted to the authorities, who have since discovered that the intention was to destroy the structure during the coronation ceremonies.

The will of Miss Sarah Burr, of New York, which bequeaths nearly \$3,000,000 to charitable institutions, is to be contested by ten second cousins, on the ground that she was not competent to make a will ake a will.

Mrs. Scoville lectured on the assassi-nation of Garfield, at an up-town thea-ter in New York, to a very small audi-ence, and announced that she had for-warded \$100 to Chicago to redeem her furniture. furniture.

The Burlington road is to commence at once laying eastward from Denver steel rails rolled at Pueblo, and will put down one mile per day. There is little doubt that the gap will be closed during the month of May.

At Uvalde, Tex., as the result of a dispute about the preemption of an eighty-acre tract, John Mitchell was treed to a tree and whitesed nearly to

tied to a tree and whipped nearly to death, while his two sons were shot dead in his presence by two neighbors. S. J. Brown, a shoe merchant at Find-lay, O., recently started for Fort Defiance to enter into business with the post trader. In New Mexico he lost his reason, and was found wandering about Las Vegas with a draft in his

pocket for \$1,000.

The duke of Manchester and party are on American soil. The leader says his purpose is to proceed to Manitoba purchase a large tract of land, to be retailed to farmers on easy terms. might make an investment on the American side if the land were offered

One hundred masked men at Lake One hundred masked men at Lake City, Col., took from jail George Betts and Jim Browning, the murderers of Sheriff Campbell, and hanged them to a bridge. As the rope was being placed around his neck, Betts asked for a chew of tobacco.

An advance guard of one hundred farmers from Holland have arrived in New York, and will settle on the Mis-souri river, in Dakota. A colonization agent accompanies them, and has influence sufficient to bring over thousands more of his countrymen by favorable

Jack, a noted chief of the Utes, was killed at Fort Washakie while attempt-ing to evade arrest. He had borrowed a gun at a ranch and shot a sergeant dead. Captain Norton trained a moun-rain howifter on the cable where Leck tain howitzer on the cabin where Jack concealed, and blew it to pieces

with shells.

Three old books which arrived in New York from Europe by mail were found to have been neatly hollowed out and filled with diamonds and jewelry and filled with diamonds and jewelry and shear was advalued at \$3,500. The package was ad-dressed to a leading jeweler of Cincin-nati, but found its way to the customhouse.

Dr. Lamson, who was executed in London Friday morning, was so deject-ed and nervous that he could scarcely descend the steps of the prison, and was led with great difficulty over the sixty yards of space to the gallows. He drop-ped nine feet, expiring instantly, but his body remained hanging for an hour.

At a meeting of representatives.

New England railway companies, it was resolved that hereafter the settlement of balances for car service shall a made through the railway clearing-At a meeting of representatives of soon be extended throughout the United States.

Northern Texas was visited by storm centering near Denison and Sherman. Hail-stones as large as goose eggs are said to have fallen. Mr. Day, of Whitesboro, was killed, and many persons were injured. Stock was badly lacerated, and crops in the stricken belt were ruined.

Resolutions indorsing the action of Governor Crittenden in regard to Jesse James were introduced in the Missouri house, and ruled out of order. On an appeal, eighty democrats voted to sus-tain the chair, and forty-two republicans and greenbackers took the other

B. F. Allen deserted his handsome homestead at Des Moines in 1877, and let it run down to a sad degree. He is now supervising its thorough renova-tion, and it is rumored that he is about to marry a wealthy widow of New York establish his home among old friends in Iowa.

Six steamers landed about six thou-sand immigrants at Castle Garden Wed-nesday. Among the new-comers were fifty English brewers, with considerable capital, who propose to start in bus-iness at Philadelphia. A large number of Dutch cattle-raisers, with an average purse of \$800 each, are en route to Stevens. Tex. From Gibraltar came one thousand Italians, many of whom are railroad laborers.

Hon, Horace Maynard dropped dead Hon. Horace Maynard dropped dead of heart disease, Wednesday morning, at Knoxville, Tenn. He was born in Massachusetts, but went to Tennessee after graduating at Amherst. He was eight times elected to congress, and served with credit as minister to Turkey and postmaster general. During the war he was exiled from his home, and suffered great loss of property.

war he was exhed from his home, and suffered great loss of property. Ernest W. Longfellow has been ap-pointed administrator of the poet's estate. The probate court of Middlesex county, in considering the erasures in red ink, defeated the intention of the testator to give \$5,000 to his brother Samuel and a like amount to the child-ren of his brothers Stephen and Alex-

ander.

The Washington Street Baptist church at Dover, N. H., was swept away by fire, Tuesday. Late in the afternoon five persons were standing inside the scorched walls when a chimney and a mass of brick fell over toward them, inflicting fatal injuries. The party comprised three married ladies, a man, and a boy.

comprised three married ladies, a man, and a boy.

Jay Gould, after inspecting two thousand miles of his southwestern railways, says there is an assurance of abundant crops and a favorable outlook for a rise in railway values. He entered his protest against the powers exercised by the Illinois commissioners, and expressed the hope that the roads of the state would soon be owned by her citizens.

The fire bells were rung at Oneida. N.

The fire bells were rung at Oneida, N. Y., to call out the people to resist the attempts of laborers of the West Shore road to fill in a street and make an elevated grade crossing. One thousand

State Balley has been block associated and

itizens took a hand. Guards of twenty-five men are on duty, and an alarm will be given if an effort is made by the

railway.

In the house of lords, Tuesday even-In the house of lords, Tuesday evening, Earl Granville announced the resignation of W. E. Forster, chief secretary for Ireland, and stated that the three imprisoned members of parliament would be released. Parnell, Dillon, and O'Kelly, when set free at Kilmainham jail, drove quietly to the depot, and proceeded to Parnell's home.

While dissipating at Frie, Pa. John L. Morgan of Newburg O. L. Morgan, of Newburg. O., calletter to be sent to his marchisely

nis death, and asking for money to ship the corpse. The mourning mother ar-rived on the scene Friday evening with an undertaker and a casket. She was rendered nearly insane by the shock, while the scapegrace fled to Pittsburgh. In one of the Western Indiana rail-road cases pending in the circuit court at Chicago a summons was served on Jay Gould at the Grand Pacific hotel. He made his appearance at noon unrec-He made his appearance at noon unrec-ognized, and was compelled to introduce himself. Although president of the Wabash road, he testified that he did not know where State or Twelfth street was. He was speedily dismissed

from the stand. Polk Wells and his fellow-convicts who escaped from the Iowa penitentiary were found in a hay-mow five miles distant. They included in a fight with the farmer, and two of them rode off on his horse. Fitzgerald soon after surrendered himself to an agriculturist, who got \$50 for driving him over to Fort Madi son. Bodies of armed men are in pur-suit of Wells and Cook, who may be

lynched if caught. Secretary Teller has forwarded to the senate a letter from the Indian bureau, complaining of the consumption of wood and hay by the troops at Standing Rock agency, all of which is taken from the reservation, causing great complaint by the red men. Contractors for sup-plies are absolutely lawless in their operations, and despoil lands on which In-dians have located for farming. Com-missioner Price protests against the maintenance of three military posts on the reservation.

A package of watch-jewels, valued at A package of watch-jewels, valued at \$12,000, was recently sent from London to the agent of the Elgin Watch com-pany in New York, to be forwarded to the factory. Between the customs offi-cers and the express messengers is di-vided the responsibility for the mysterious disappearance of a bundle represent-ing one-third the consignment. The matter has for several days been in the hands of government detectives in Chi-

cago.

Charles Dowell, purchasing agent of the Chester Illinois penitentiary, while taking a nap in the warden's house, was assaulted by a negro convict named George Thompson, who made two terrible cuts in his neck with a razor. In the struggle which ensued the assa severed Dowell's right thumb, slashed his neck across the back, and cut his right ear. Dowell is said to have caught the razor in his teeth and bit a piece from it. The convict served as a waiter, and had been reported by the agent for not cleaning up his room. He was sent from Quincy for fourteen years for highway robbery.

The tramp, Frank McManus, who mutilated a 4-year-old child at Minne-apolis, was lynched at midnight, Friday, by a party of seventy leading citizens. They proceeded in small squads to the jail, where Sheriff Eustis was promptly made a prisoner. All the cells up the third tier were examined, and the door of the fiend's cell was smashed in with the control of the series of the hammers. He was smashed in with hammers. He was handcuffed and ta-ken to the scene of his crime, where three women positively identified him. After he had made a full confession he

would be broken by the opening of the boxes, precipitating into the powder some explosive compound at present unknown, were mailed in New York Saturday, one addressed to William H. Vanderbilt and the other to Cyrus W. Field. In their transportation in a mail-bag over the elevated railway one mail-bag over the elevated railway one of the infernal contrivances exploded, scorching some of the other contents of the bag, but injuring no one. Investigation disclosed the other box, which, having been soaked in water six hours, was opened by Postmaster Pearson. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the outrage. A machine similar to those sent to Field and Vanderbilt was taken to police headquarters in New York sent to Field and Vanderbilt was taken to police headquarters in New York, Sunday, by Mr. J. A. Davenport, residing in East Nineteenth street. Superintendent Walling lives but a few doors distant, and as the box was marked "W." and left on a door-mat, it is thought that the attempt was directed against the police chieftain. Professor Doremus made a thorough examination of the boxes mailed to Vanderbilt and Field, and found that each canister and Field, and found that each canister contained one pound of gun cotton, and that the liquid in the bulb was sulphuric acid.

UUNUMESSIUNAL.

SENATE.

APRIL 27.-In the senate Mr. Sherman intro-duced a bill repealing the law which forces the coinage of two million standard dollars per month, and directing the manufacture of silver dollars when the secretary of the treas ury deems it necessary for public conveni-ence. A motion to take up the bill to punish the unlawful certification of bank checks was lost by a tie vote. On a measure to repeal the section of the statutes prohibiting confederates from holding positions in the army there occurred the most bitter partisms debate of the session. Mr. Edmunds led the opposition, and Mesers. Vest, Garland, Maxey, and Hampton took a hand in favor of the proposition. The customary wrangle took place on the Chinese bill, without action. The conference report on the postoffice appropriation till was adopted, the item for fast mails for the principal cities

being made \$000,000.

APHL 28.—The senate passed the house bill to fix the time for holding elections in West Virginia. Mr. Conger reported a bill repeating the tonnage tax on vessels trading with Canada, as also to reduce the hospital tax to 40 cents per month on each sailor. When the anti-Chinese bill came up, a motion to strike out the section in regard to skilled and unskilled laborers was lost by 20 to 25. After the rejection of saveral amendments, the bill was passel being made \$600,000. tion of several amendments, the bill was passed by 32 to 15. An executive session was held,

when an adjournment to Monday was taken.

May 1.—In the senate, Mr. Edmunds, from
the judiclary committee, reported that no additional legislation is necessary to suppress
lawiessness in the territories; that the president can wars the thicking gang in Arizona
to disperse and then the the army to restore to disperse, and then use the army to restore order. Mr. Pendleton called attention to the nebessity of conferring criminal jurisdiction nebessity of conferring criminal jurisdiction upon our ministers and consuls, to prevent outrages on American citizens in the far east. An appropriation of \$350,000 was recommended to purchase the Benjumin Franklin collection in London. Mr. Allison introduced a bill to provide for the construction of the Illinois and Mississippi river canal. On the bill to repeal the discrimination against ex-confederates in the army, a motion to refer the measure to the judiciary committee was carried David Davis made an elaborate argument in

Davis made an elaborate argument in favor of establishing a court of appeals. An executive session was held.

MAY 2.—The sena a passed a bill to give twelve condemned cannon to the Morton Monume.ttal association of Iudiana. The mo-Monume atal association of Indiana. The motion to refer to the judiciary committee the bill removing the disqualification of ex-confederares for army appointments was defeated by the vote of David Davis. The house bill for a public bull ling at Quincy, ill., was passed, and the house am adment to the act for a postofice at Peorle was concurred in, unking the appropriation \$55,000. Mr. Laps un proposed a constitutioned amandment probloiting any denial of suffrage on account of sex. Several amandments were of fred to Mr. Davis' bill to eath alish a court of sexence. A favorable report was made on a bill to cede to the First taring district of Tennessee, for a public library, a lot intended for a government building in Memphis. public library, a lot into

building in Memphis.

MAY 3.—In the senate, Mr. Voorbees offered a resolution for a committee to investigate whether corrupt influences had been used on any member in regard to the bill relating to distilled spirits in bond, and asked therefor immediate consideration. Mr. Morrill objected, and the resolution went over. On the political disabilities bill, a partisan debate took place in which Messrs. Invalls. Sunjabury. place, in which Messrs. Ingalle, Saulsbury, Gariand, Butler, Hampton, Voorhees, and Hawley participated. On the bill to create a court of appeals, the amendment as to patent and copyright cases was rejected as were sev-eral others. The house amendment to the bill for the sale of Miami lands in Kansas was

HOUSE.

APRIL 27 .- In the house, Mr. Townsend, subitted a conference report favoring the pension feature in the bill to promote the efficien-cy of the life-saving service. When the Mis-sissippi contested election case came up, Lynch, the colored claimant, made a finished argument in his own behalf, while Chalmers entreated the house not to disregard the decisions of the supreme court of Mississippi. sions of the supreme court of Mississippi. A message from the president was read, reciting the lawless acts perpetrated by cowboys in Arisona, and recommending that the army be permitted to co-operate with the civil authorities. Mr. Randali offered resolutions calling on the comptroller of the currency for his correspondence with the Second National Bank of Cincinnati as to its reorganization. Cincinnati as to its reorganization.

APRIL 28.—The house adopted a resolution bat the secretary of war furnish information as to the number of United States soldiers in Arizona, and whether logislation is necessary to guard life and property from destruction by Indians. In the Mississippi contested election case, Messrs. Hooker and Tucker sup-ported the claims of General Chalmers, while Mr. Robeson argued against the decision of the supreme court of Mississippi. Mr. Calkins demanded the previous question, but no vote was taken, previous to adjournment.

APRIL 29 .- In the house Mr. Page moved concurrence in the senate amendments to the anti-Chinese bill, but Mr. Hooker objected. A resolution was adopted for sending a sub-committee to New York to take testimony in the Peruvian investigation. In the Mississippi contested election case, Mr. Calkins closed the debate by a speech of two hours. The vote on the minority resolution to seat Gen. Chalmers stood 104 to 125. On the resolution to sea Lynch, the colored contestant the vote stood 125 to 83. The fortunate man was escorted to the bar by Mr. Calkins, and sworn in by the speaker. A bill was passed directing the sec-retary of the treasury to refund to Colonel Thompson the sum of \$490.80 paid to the col-lector at Chicago on uniforms imported for company G, 6th regiment Illinois National guard. A conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill was agreed to.

May 1.—In the house, bills were introduced for the appointment of a special commission to promote commercial intercourse with South America: for a board of three army engineers America; for a board of faree army engineers to determine the bestroute for ship canals be-tween the lakes and the Mississippi, and from the Atlantic to the Gulf of Mexico, across Florida; and to transfer the Indian bureau to the war department. It was agreed that on May 9 the bill to extend the charters of nation-al banks shall be considered. Mr. Townshend introduced a resolution that the president be requested to secure from Chinathe abrogation of all treaties which permit the emigration of Chinese except for travel, education, or commerce, but the house refused to suspend the rules. A bill was passed for two judicial dis-tricts in Iowa. The house refused to take up a bill to tax American wines ten cents per bottle. Bills were passed for public buildings at Detroit, Peoria, Galveston, Denver, Council

Bind's, Lynchburg, Va., Jackson, Tenn., and Greensboro, N. C., at a cost of \$1,350,000. May 2.—The house passed bills for public buildings at Hannibal and Peoria. In commit-tee of the whole on the tariff-commission bill, Mr. Hewitt, of Alabama, volced his sentiments. The senate amendments to the Chi-nese bill were concurred in. Diplomatic cor-respondence in regard to the condition of

Jows in Russin was pr May 3.-In the house bills were reported to allow the army to be used as a posse com-itatus; for the erection of a memorial column at Washington's headquarters at Newburgh, and to aid the centennial celebration in that city; to carry into effect the provisions of the constitution respecting the election of president and vice president, and for the erection of a \$60,000 lighthouse near the mouth of the Detroit river. In the debate on the tariff-commission bill, speeches were made by Messrs. Springer, Burrows, Blackburn, and Kenna. Mr. Belmont offered a resolution calling on the president for copies of instructions from the navy department to the commander of the south Pacific squadron. The committee on military affairs reported a substitute for the bill relating to retirements from the army, pro-viding that after serving thirty-five years any officer may be placed on the retired list by plication to the president, or after reach the age of 62 years. The speaker signed the

WASHINGTO, MUTES.

The coinage for April amounted to \$9,636,300. Ex-Delegate Cannon asks Congress to au-thorize the payment of his full salary, mileage, and stationery allowance for the whole term of Congress.

Senator Davis, of Illinois, filed a couple of sonator Davis, of Illinois, filed a couple of petitions Monday, favoring a reform in the manner of making appointments in the civil service by establishing asystem of competi-tive examinations.

A sub-committee of the house of representa-tives, after investigating the question of tives, after investigating the question of lapsed land grants, decides that the charters of the Northern Pacific and the Atlantic and Pacific are non-forfeitable. Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, appeared

Monday before the Peruvian investigation and read a long defense of his action. He admitted having accepted a retainer of stock for his services as counsel, but returned it to Ship-herd because of the probability that the subject would come up for congressional action. The reduction of the public debt for April is

The reduction of the public debt for April is estimated at \$14,000,000. The total indebtedness is \$1,945,526,800. Deducting the eash in the trensury vaults, there remains outstanding \$1,711,850,598. Secretary Folger has issued a call for the remaining six per cents of 1861, amounting to \$11,200. amounting to \$11,200.

The United States Fish Commissioner will be able to distribute 50,000,000 shad fry this month. Those fish have been hatched and are to be put in the extensive incubating vats down the

Potomac, in charge of Colonel MacDonald, as-sistant in charge of the works. This labor will be the heaviest undertaken thus far in the whole history of the commission. The senate committee on military affairs has submitted a report on the conduct of the Sol-diers' home near Washington. The grounds have become a national park for the benefit of have become a national park for the benefit of wealthy citizens, and the expense of keeping up the beautiful drives is borne by the sol-diers. General Drum has steadily refused to receive products of the gardens, but the other commissioners have for the past twelve years been regularly furnished with milk, fruit, bouquets, and all sorts of vegetables. Now that the Kilbourne verdict has been set aside, it is ascertained that there would have

good to ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Thompson the stances demand and the setting aside of the verdict, though it is pretty well understood the court would have sustained an award of about \$40,000 for the sake of teaching Congress to be more careful.

A statement just completed by the postoffice department shows that up to April 22, 1882, there were 45,000 postoffices in the United States. This includes an increase within the past month of 26 offices—fully 50 per cent. of which is exhibited as having occurred in the southern sate. The average increase in the number of postoffices in the country for several years preceding 182 has been 150 per year, but it is believed by the postoffice department to be not unlikely that it will reach fully 3,000 this year.

The return of Senator Logan is anxiously awaited, as the army retirement question will not be acted on in the senate until his arrival. He is strongly in favor of compulsory retirement in the army at the age of 62. There has been much opposition developed in the senate within the last few days against this measure. This feeling is mainly among the Democrats. Senthern senatora dislike Gen. Sheridan, and

This feeling is mainly among the Democrata. Southern senators dislike Gen. Sheridan, and will naturally oppose the measure, because it will place Sheridan at the head of the army.

Mr. Crump who has been for many years steward at the white house has tendered his resignation, on account of ill-health. He broke himself down in his close attendance upon President Garfield. It is said that he strained himself in lifting Gen. Garfield. He was given a lunch by his associates at the white bouse. a lunch by his associates at the white bouse. After it he was presented with a gold-headed cane by Col. Crook. He will leave for Liver-England, in a few days, where he goes to pool, England visit friends.

The senate committee on appropriations has before it a proposition to add nine hundred clerks to the present force employed in the pension office here, so as to facilitate the examination of pensions. The office is nearly three years behind in the examination of the cases now on file. The committee is not disposed to grant the large number of extra clerks desired by the commissioner of pen-sions. The committee will probably report in favor of 350 clerks.

Commissioner of Pensions Dudley has or dered the following: By direction of the secre tary of the interior, no substitution of an at-torney by another will be recognized hereafter without the written consent of the applicant to the substitution of the particular person proposed to be substituted, and in cases where there is a legal contract for a fee the substitution of an attorney by another shall not be held to carry with it the rights of the former attorney to the fee contracted for by him, un-less the claimant shall consent thereto in writing. This order will not apply in cases where the substitution of an attorney has been allowed prior to this date.

It is said at the Department of Justice that up to the present time not a single application has been received for the pardon of Guiteau, and this is accounted for by the fact that the crames and poems the of persons who be fleve that Guiteau ought to be hung are probably waiting for action on the nation for a new trial. It is not doubted at the department that before the assassin pays the penalty of his crime many applications for his pardon will be received. These will be filed and con-sidered before the sentence is executed, but there is not one chance in a million of the Attorney General recommending a mitigation of the sentence or the granting of a reprieve.

The big whisky-men from every one of the large cities have been here to use their influence with the senators of their respective states in favor of the bill to extend indefinitely the time in which whisky can remain in bond. They have made so much impression that they claim a majority of the senate in favor of passing the bill as it came from the house. As has been shown very conclusively, the effect of the measure would be to reduce the revenues of the government so much as to produce a serious embarrassment. The senate finance committee is willing to afford the whisky interest any reasonable measure of relief, and will report an amendment extending the time in which whisky can remain in bond one year, and perhaps longer. If the amendment is voted down and the bill passes as it came from the house, it is quite sure to be vetoed by the president.

On account of the large number of visitors who come to see Guiteau, some of the prisoners in the jail have given him the name of "Jumbo." The number of callers is not so great now as formerly. All strangers visiting the jail are requested to register in the book kept in the office of the jail, and an inspection of the book shows that on week days the averare number is about sixty-ily white days as many as 125 names appear. The regis-ter indicates, too, that over seven-eights of the vis.tors are from the states and territorie. Every part of the world is represented in the list. Among the women who called recently was one who seemed to know something of the Guiteau family. Upon her asking the prismer if he was related to a Dr. Guiteau, he answered that he believed there was some re-lationship. She said she was sorry to hear it, for she knew Dr. Guiteau's family to be very respectable people. The prisoner retorted angrily: "You had better move on now, for we have had enough cranks here already." He declined to have any further conversation with the lady or her companions.

Dressing Quickly. A lady writes from behind the scenes:

I was just realizing that they were plan-ning to effect a lightning change of costume when the actress herself bounced in. She was warm from her exertion on the stage, but not a bit flurried. She did not lose a single moment, though she chatted glibly with me all the while. First she picked up the gloves and began to put them on. At the same time the maid unhooked her dress from top to bottom with quick, deft fingers, and stripped off the whole garment in a twinkling. The pretty creature stood before me in her white clothes, laughing at my expression of surprise at the rap-id disrobement. She seated herself, and extended her feet for the maid to take off her shoes and stockings. The latter, being stripped down over the feet in a jiffy, did not disclose the naked flesh, but elaborately clocked silk hose, so that the fresh pair were already on. By the time the slippers were on, the actress had got the last button of her glove in its buttonhole. A minute and a half had elapsed.

Both had not only worked with great rapidity, but without any false motions or vexation of any sort. Then the maid took off several puffs and a bow from her mistress's head—her hair in the last act having been simply dressed—and put on the more elaborate blonde wig, fastening it in place with hair pins, and setting a lock here and there into place. setting a lock here and there into place. Next the actress stood up, and the maid swiftly put her into the dress that had lain on the chair. Every part of it fell admirably into place, the drapery across the front hiding the junction, and plentiful hooks and eyes holding all together. Standing before a full length mirror she finally surveyed herself critically, at just three minutes and a half from the start, and then she was ready to go on start, and then she was ready to go on the stage.

There is a hint in this for women who

are not actresses. We spend a vast amount of time in adjusting the acces-sories of a toilet, only to take them apart when we doff the dress. Most of them might as well be fastened permanently where they belong.

Happiness is like the echo; it answers you, but it does not come.

The Khedive's Favorite Wife

The present Khedive of Egypt is said to be very much under petticoat govern-ment, his wife, Princess Kafi da Hanem, ment, his wife, Princess Kafi da Hanem, having a strong mind and stout temper. This young lady keeps herself remarkably well posted in all that goes on in Egypt, and is something of a politician. She speaks excellent French, has blazing black eyes, and wears yellow satin and plush, with large diamonds in her

GENERAL MARKETS.

CHICAGO. WHEAT—Quiet and weak; May, \$1.278; June, \$1.2801.28; July, \$1.2801.28; CORN—Excited: higher: May, 745.2875; June, 745.785; OATS—Excited: May, 52555 c; June, 54264 c; July, 47247 c, Ryk—Easy; May, 8246; June, 856; July, 7746. BARLEY—Dull: No. 2 May, \$1.07; June, \$1.04.

RYK—Basy: May, Stige: June, Soc; July, Tive. Barley—Dull: No. 2 May, \$1.07: June, \$1.04.

\$1.04. Poyleto — Mess Pork lower: May sold at \$18.294(518.40; June \$18.474(518.50; July, \$18.674(518.50; July, \$18.674(518.50; July, \$11.50(511.50); July, \$11.50(511.50); July, \$11.50(511.50); POTALORS—Quiet: steady: Early Rose quotable at 75c(5251.00 ½ bushol.

BUTTER—Dull and weak. We quote: Butter Dull and weak. We quote: Choice to Fancy Creamery at 200226 ½ ½; ordinary to good do 24(2)25c; good to fancy Dairy at 23(2)25c; common to fair do 18(2)2c; Ladiepacked, 19(2)26c; packing stock at 12(3)15c; Grease, 10(3)1c; roll. 25(2)30c.

Gurken Apples—Unchanged; sales ranged at \$3.00(3).50 ½ bbl. for fair to good, and \$4.75(5).50 for choice, with fancy in a small way at \$4.50(2)5.00.

CATTLE—Market active and easy. We quote: Fancy heavy export steers, \$5.55(2).55; choice fat steers, \$5.00(7.40; medium, well-formed do. in fair condition, \$5.53(6.00; fair to good butchers do. \$1.85(6.575; steers, \$5.75(2).75.

Hoos.—Market active and higher: ranging from \$7.13(6) to \$7.40 for light packing and shipping; \$0.90 to \$7.50 for heavy packing, and rom \$7.10 to \$7.40 for light packing and shipping; \$0.90 to \$7.50 for heavy packing, and shipping; \$0.90 to \$7.50 for heavy packing, and shipping; \$0.90 to \$7.50 for pood to choice lots smooth heavy shipping gracies.

EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE-Firm; best, \$7.500,8.00; fair to good, \$6.7607.25. Hogs-Active; Receipts 700 head; Philadelphias, \$5.6007.85; Yorkers, \$7.0027.25. NEW YORK.

WHEAT,—Irregular; dull; No. 2 Red May, \$1.404;61.50; June, \$1.404;61.50; July, \$1.34 61.30 4. Conn—Higher; No. 2 mixed, May, 813;6285c.

CINCINNATI. FLOUR-Market firmer. Family, \$5,90%6.20, WHEAT-Demand easier; No. 2 Red Winter, \$1,39%1.40. CORK-Higher: No. 2 Mixed, 574; COARS-Higher: No. 2 Mixed, 578; Avg. Coars-Higher: No. 2 Fall 90%c. Provisions—Fork quiet at \$19.25. Lard-Nominal: prime steam, \$11.25. Bulk Meats firm; Clear sides, \$10.50%, 10.60. Bacon fairdemand; clear sides, \$1.15.

MILWAUKEE. WHEAT-Lower: No. 2 Hard \$1.32\%; No. 2 May \$1.31; June, \$1.31\%; July, \$1.31\%; No. 3.51.16; No. 4 and Rejected nominal. Cons—Higher at 75\%c for No. 2. OATS—Higher; 54c bid for No. 2. Rys—Dull at 83\%c for No. 1. Barley—Lower at 95\%c for No. 2.

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—Higher: No. 2 Red May, \$1.32a
1.24; June, \$1.24\(\tilde{0}\)1.24\(\tilde{1}\)1.24\(\tilde{0}\)1.24\(\tilde{

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT-Strong; No. 1 White, May, \$1.35%; L35%; June, \$1.34%; July, \$1.38631.394. TOLEDO.

DETROIT.

WHEAT-Higher; No. 2 Red May, \$1.41\(\frac{1}{4}\) June, \$1.36\(\frac{1}{4}\); July, \$1.19\(\frac{1}{4}\). Corn-Firm; No. 2 May, 76c; June, 76c. BALTIMORE.

FLOUR-Firm: Western Superfine, \$3.756 5.00; do. extra. \$5.25@6.25; Family, \$6.50@7.50. Whear-Western easier; No. 2 Winter Red Spot and May, \$1.4421.444; June, \$1.4436 L41; July, \$1.275@6.275; Conn-Western higher; Mixed spot and May, \$44@85c; June, \$44@854; Chars-Higher; Western White, 592-60c; Mixed do. 58250c, Ryk-A shado quiet at 95@51.00. at 95@\$1.00.

BOSTON.

Woot.—Steady: One of Pennsylvania fleeces 41@22 bolce selections at 4322 44c; Michig a extra fleeces very scarce; good lots of either sold at 41%@25, but other lots not up in condition to 50% be; unwashed fleeces, 24234c for flue to choice medium grades; pulled 25@48c. Don't Do It!

Don't seek the temporary feeling of health and strength resulting from the use of beer and ale or other malt and alcoholic compounds. The after-effects make you feel worse than before. Per manent health is sure to be found in that best of all iron preparations, that friend to temperance and long life known as Brown's Iron Bitters.



And all BEST line to St. Joseph, points in Iowa, Atchison, Topeka, Deni-Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Month Parkas, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, New Mexico, New Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, New M CHICAGO This Route has no superior for Albert Les, Minneapolis and St. Paul. Nationally reputed as ceded to best equipped at in the World for Line uses of travel.

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